

High Voltage Detector



The 276 HD and 276S HD detect the presence of voltage in AC lines. An elongate insulation rod permits checking of high tension circuits at safe distance for voltage. The equipment is compact, lightweight, and easy to handle, and is also available for voltage detection in low-tension circuits.

FEATURES

- Telescopic, compact, lightweight.
- High voltage detection.
- Low voltage detection.
- Self test button feature.
- Easy-to-recognize indication.
- Waterproof.

SPECIFICATIONS

	276S HD	276 HD
Sections	7	4
Operating temperature and humidity	0°C~40°C Max: 80%	
Retracted length	255±30mm	354±30mm
Extended length	870±30mm	1010±30mm
Weight (battery included)	150g	180g
Power source	CR 2032 (3V) x 1	
Safety standards	EN 61010-1 EN 50081-1 EN 50082-1 EN 55022 EN 61000-4-2 EN 61000-4-3	

• Working voltage range:

H.V.: 3kV~24kV AC....hold grip portion to detect. L.V.: 80V~600V AC....hold nameplate portion to detect.

• Frequency: 50Hz / 60Hz

Operation Test : (Initial voltage)

(a)When stretched, hold the grip portion.

Put the sensing tip in contact with the voltage:

250V AC ± 50V the LED and buzzer should work.

(b)When retracted, hold the nameplate portion.
Put the sensing tip in contact with the voltage:
80VAC or below the LED and buzzer should work.

Operation start distance

Distance at which operation starts when front metal is brought near Ø5mm O.C. wire with grip portion meld by hand.

Where 24kV / $\sqrt{3}$ (voltage to ground)....about 20cm. Where 6.6kV / $\sqrt{3}$ (voltage to ground)....about 3cm. Where 3.3kV / $\sqrt{3}$ (voltage to ground)....about 1cm.

• Dielectric Strenght:

- (a)Between sensing tip ~ grip portion : 50kV AC,1min (The detector has to be stretched)
- (b)Between sensing tip ~ nameplate portion : 4kV AC,1min.

• Construction:

Waterproof (detecting head impervious to water).

• Insulation resistance:

Measure the insulation resistance with the high voltage insulation tester.

The areas we measure are the same as dielectric strenght test.

(a)Between sensing tip ~ grip portion : 1kV (The detector has to be stretched) The insulation resistance has to be more than 2000MΩ.

(b)Between sensing tip ~ nameplate portion : 1kV The insulation resistance has to be more than $2000M\Omega$.

• Leakage Current Test:

Put high voltage on the parts listed below.

(a)Between sensing tip ~ grip portion: 50kV AC, 1 min (The detector has to be stretched)
The leakage current has to be 100uA or less than 100uA.

(b)Between sensing tip ~ nameplate portion : 4kV AC,1min.

The leakage current has to be 100uA or less than 100uA.

